Lake Ainslie Barite-Fluorite Property Summary

Ownership: 100% owned by 21Alpha Resources Inc. and Perry MacKinnon

Location: Lake Ainslie, Cape Breton Island, Nova Scotia, Canada

Exploration Licence: 51491, 56854

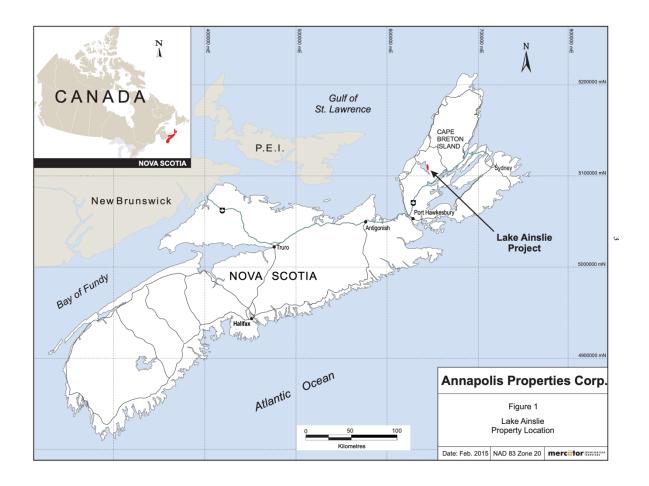
Commodities: Barite (BaSO₄), Fluorite (CaF₂), with associated Pb-Zn mineralization

Property Overview

The Lake Ainslie Property hosts multiple barite-fluorite vein systems that have been explored intermittently since the early 1940s. The project area includes seven defined vein prospects occurring within a felsic volcanic unit that extends across the western side of Lake Ainslie.

Historic exploration and government assessment work have outlined a non-compliant historical resource estimate of approximately **4.3 million tonnes grading 36.7% barite and 18.5% fluorite**, making it one of the most significant combined barite-fluorite occurrences in Atlantic Canada.

The property remains fully controlled, with a comprehensive historical dataset compiled and digitized by Mercator Geological Services in 2015.



Exploration History

The area has a long exploration record by both government agencies and private companies. Documented programs include the following:

1941 Dominion Steel and Coal Corporation

Drilled 441.73 metres in seven holes at the Evans/Trout Brook prospect targeting fluorite.

1944 Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy (NSDME)

Completed five follow-up holes at the same prospect.

1955 Fluor-Bar Mines Ltd.

Conducted approximately 21 holes on the CampbellMacMillan prospect. (Exact drilling meterage unknown; several records missing.)

1971 International Mogul Mines Ltd.

Completed 2,448.02 metres in eight holes (71-1 to 71-8, including one extension) in the Campbell-MacMillan and D.J. MacDougall prospect areas.

1972 International Mogul Mines Ltd. / Conwest

Drilled nine holes (72-1 to 72-9) at the Upper Johnson and D.J. MacDougall prospects. Records for this drilling were not located.

1988 Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy

Completed one 65.53 metre hole (LAN-88-1) on the northwest side of the property.

2003 Atlantic Industrial Minerals Ltd.

Drilled 524 metres in five holes (J-14 to J-19) on the Upper Johnson prospect.

Collectively, over 3,500 metres of drilling have been documented across the property area.



Geological Setting

The mineralized veins are hosted within a welded tuff and felsic volcanic unit that underlies the Campbell-MacMillan, Johnson, and Evans prospect areas. These rocks form prominent topographic highs on the property.

- To the east, the volcanic rocks are overlain by basalt, andesite, and lithic wacke of the Fisset Brook Formation.
- To the west, they are unconformably overlain by Early Mississippian Horton Group clastic sediments.

Seven barite-fluorite vein prospects have been documented on the property, from south to north:

- 1. Evans/Trout Brook
- 2. J.A. MacDougall
- 3. Lower Johnson
- 4. Upper Johnson
- 5. MacLean
- 6. Campbell-MacMillan
- 7. D.J. MacDougall

Mineralization

The Lake Ainslie veins contain barite and fluorite with lesser calcite, and localized Pb-Zn mineralization in adjacent sedimentary rocks.

Barite occurs as white to pink, aphanitic to coarse-grained mineralization.

Fluorite varies in colour from pale green and colourless within the main vein zones to violet and bluish-violet in fractures adjacent to the veins.

The veins exhibit compositional and textural banding that is parallel to the vein walls, reflecting multiple stages of deposition.

- Fine-grained barite is typically present near wall-rock contacts.
- Coarse-grained barite occupies the central portions of the veins.
- Pale green fluorite is most common at vein margins, with barite dominant in vein cores.
- Late-stage calcite fills voids between barite and fluorite crystals.

This zoned pattern suggests repeated hydrothermal fluid movement and cooling events.

In addition, Sogemines drilling (McCulloch, 1975) intersected Pb-Zn mineralization within a calcareous sandstone facies of the Horton Group in the north-central portion of the licence area, indicating polymetallic potential beyond the barite-fluorite system.



Data Compilation

In 2015, Mercator Geological Services compiled all available hardcopy and digital records associated with exploration at Lake Ainslie.

- Data from historic reports filed with the Nova Scotia Department of Natural Resources were digitized and standardized.
- Drill collar, lithology, and assay information were entered into a validated Microsoft Excel and GIS database.
- Reports not available in digital form were obtained from NSDNR archives and scanned.

This compilation provides a complete record of exploration history and serves as a technical foundation for modern 3D modeling and resource verification.

Contact:

21Alpha Resources Inc. John Shurko (902) 233-3746 johnshurko@gmail.com

Perry MacKinnon (902) 285-4261 pmackinnon3@gmail.com